## **BOISE COUNTY, IDAHO**

Report on Audited Basic Financial Statements and Additional Information

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Commissioners Boise County, Idaho

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Boise County, Idaho (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Boise County, Idaho, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 13 to the financial statements, in 2022, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASBS No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are

considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedule of employer's share of net pension liability (asset) – PERSI, schedule of employer pension contributions, schedule of changes in the County's OPEB liability, schedule of the County's OPEB liability, and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional

procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedules of revenues by source and expenditures by object of expenditure – budget and actual – General fund but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 6, 2023, on our consideration of Boise County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bailey & Co.

Nampa, Idaho November 6, 2023

Boise County, Idaho Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 19,171,650
Receivables, Net:	φ 13,171,000
Property Taxes	5,872,226
Special Fees	52,648
Interest	21,813
Intergovernmental	2,233,203
Accounts	185,329
Prepaid Items	45,613
Capital Assets:	
Land and Construction in Progress	665,349
Infrastructure, Net	9,451,687
Buildings and Improvements, Net	1,987,952
Equipment, Net Right-of-Use Assets, Net	1,838,290 1,045,430
Total Capital Assets	14,988,708
Total Assets	42,571,190
	12,011,100
Deferred Outflows	0.004.474
Pension OPEB	2,031,474
Total Deferred Outflows	<u>6,361</u> 2,037,835
	2,007,000
Liabilities	
Salaries and Benefits Payable	72,008
Developer Deposits	114,090
Accrued Interest Unearned Revenue	16,903
Long-Term Liabilities:	905,682
Due Within One Year:	
Compensated Absences	180,256
Lease Liability	108,286
Due in More than One Year:	,
Other Post-Employment Benefits	111,264
Net Pension Liability	3,742,323
Lease Liability	896,888
Total Liabilities	6,147,700
Deferred Inflows	
Property Taxes	5,627,251
Pension	45,850
OPEB	55,063
Total Deferred Inflows	5,728,164
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,983,534
Restricted for:	
Roads and Bridges	6,093,336
Public Safety	3,446,080
Sanitation	978,158
Other Purposes	3,843,881
Unrestricted (Deficit) Surplus	4,388,172
Total Net Position	\$ 32,733,161
The accompanying notes are an integral	

The accompanying notes are an integral

part of the financial statements.

### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Program Revenues Charges for Operating Capital						R	et (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Position -
			rvices and		rants and		rants and	G	overnmental
	Expenses		Sales	Со	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities
Primary Government									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$ 3,915,095	\$	655,450	\$	990,725	\$	0	\$	(2,268,920)
Public Safety	4,045,851		531,900		146,146		161,005		(3,206,800)
Highways and Roads	2,404,430		4,212		2,110,810		0		(289,408)
Sanitation	952,450		86,569		0		0		(865,881)
Weed Control	97,576		1,651		0		0		(95,925)
Welfare	254,083		1,529		51,000		0		(201,554)
Education	15,200		0		0		0		(15,200)
Culture and Recreation	55,027		74,781		76		0		19,830
Interest on Long-term Debt	23,368		0		0		0		(23,368)
Debt Fees	 1,200		0		0		0		(1,200)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 11,764,280	\$	1,356,092	\$	3,298,757	\$	161,005		(6,948,426)

General Revenues and Special Items:

Property Taxes and Special Fees	6,283,409
Intergovernmental	2,151,985
Investment Earnings (Losses)	(503,213)
Other	191,797
Disposal of Assets	 28,173
Total General Revenues and Special Items	 8,152,151
Change in Net Position	1,203,725
Net Position - Beginning	 31,529,436
Net Position - Ending	\$ 32,733,161

Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund	Roa	d and Bridge	Ju	stice Fund
Assets	\$	4 964 522	\$	5,853,464	\$	2 100 507
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net:	Φ	4,864,532	Φ	5,653,464	Φ	3,190,597
Taxes		1,480,433		7,271		3,031,733
Special Fees		0		, 0		0
Interest		21,813		0		0
Intergovernmental		1,238,967		817,290		124,508
Accounts		0		0		44,557
Prepaid Items		14,701		0		12,866
Total Assets		7,620,446		6,678,025		6,404,261
Deferred Outflows		0		0		0
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	7,620,446	\$	6,678,025	\$	6,404,261
Liabilities Salaries and Benefits Payable	\$	16,704	\$	9,938	\$	27,092
Developer Deposits	φ	10,704	φ	9,938 114,090	φ	27,092
Unearned Revenue		905,682		000		0
Total Liabilities		922,386		124,028		27,092
Deferred Inflows		4 474 050		F 700		0 000 774
Unavailable Property Taxes/Fees Unavailable Grants		1,471,250		5,799		3,009,771
Total Deferred Inflows		<u>13,886</u> 1,485,136		0 5,799		5,969 3,015,740
Total Deletted filliows		1,405,150		5,799		3,013,740
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		14,701		0		12,866
Restricted		140,000		6,087,537		3,348,563
Committed		3,970,000		0		0
Assigned		895,650		460,661		0
Unassigned		192,573		0		0
Total Fund Balances		5,212,924		6,548,198		3,361,429
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,						
and Fund Balances	\$	7,620,446	\$	6,678,025	\$	6,404,261

Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds September 30, 2022 (continued)

				Other		Total
				Governmental		overnmental
	S	Solid Waste		Funds		Funds
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,328,446	\$	3,934,611	\$	19,171,650
Receivables, Net:						
Taxes		0		1,352,789		5,872,226
Special Fees		52,648		0		52,648
Interest		0		0		21,813
Intergovernmental		0		52,438		2,233,203
Accounts		0		140,772		185,329
Prepaid Items		0		18,046		45,613
Total Assets		1,381,094		5,498,656		27,582,482
Deferred Outflows		0		0		0
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	1,381,094	\$	5,498,656	\$	27,582,482
Liabilities						
Salaries and Benefits Payable	\$	3,308	\$	14,966	\$	72,008
Developer Deposits		0		0		114,090
Unearned Revenue		0		0		905,682
Total Liabilities		3,308		14,966		1,091,780
Deferred Inflows						
Unavailable Property Taxes/Fees		42,259		1,338,289		5,867,368
Unavailable Grants		0		0		19,855
Total Deferred Inflows		42,259		1,338,289		5,887,223
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		0		18,046		45,613
Restricted		935,899		3,666,463		14,178,462
Committed		249,628		434,308		4,653,936
Assigned		150,000		26,584		1,532,895
Unassigned		0		20,004		192,573
Total Fund Balances		1,335,527		4,145,401		20,603,479
		.,,		.,,		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	1,381,094	\$	5,498,656	\$	27,582,482
		.,001,001	<b>—</b>	2,100,000	<b>—</b>	

#### Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 20,603,479

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because of the following:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. Those assets consist of:

Land and Construction in Progress Infrastructure, Net of \$2,205,157 Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements, Net of \$1,096,364 Accumulated Depreciation Equipment, Net of \$6,786,387 Accumulated Depreciation Right-of-Use Assets, Net of \$88,262 Accumulated Amortization	\$ 665,349 9,451,687 1,987,952 1,838,290 1,045,430	14,988,708
Certain property taxes and grants receivable will be collected in the next year, but are soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are considered ur funds.		259,972
In the government-wide statements, deferred inflows represent acquisitions of net po applicable to a future reporting period and deferred outflows represent the consumpti that are applicable to a future reporting period. These deferrals consist of:		
Deferred Outflows Related to the OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows Related to the OPEB Liability Deferred Outflows Related to Net Pension Liability (Asset) Deferred Inflows Related to Net Pension Liability (Asset)	6,361 (55,063) 2,031,474 (45,850)	1,936,922
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due an current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-te accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position.	erm debt is not	
Accrued Interest Lease Liability Net Pension Liability (Asset) Other Post-Employment Benefits Compensated Absences Total Long-Term Liabilities	(1,005,174) (3,742,323) (111,264) (180,256)	(16,903) (5,039,017)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	-	\$ 32,733,161

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund	Road and Bridge	Justice Fund
Revenues			
Property Taxes and Special Fees	\$ 1,286,645	\$ 151,864	\$ 2,425,974
Intergovernmental	289,716	1,387,894	497,752
Grants and Donations	964,041	2,110,810	116,084
Charges for Services	590,539	4,212	305,462
Investment Earnings (Losses)	(503,213)	0	0
Other	18,321	18,214	20,786
Total Revenues	2,646,049	3,672,994	3,366,058
Expenditures			
Current:			
General Government	1,723,544	0	0
Public Safety	295,110	0	2,419,970
Highways and Roads	0	1,662,397	0
Sanitation	0	0	0
Weed Control	0	0	0
Welfare	0	0	0
Education	0	0	0
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0
Debt Service:			
Principal	6,022	114,684	732,051
Interest	918	0	13,145
Fees	0	1,200	0
Capital Outlay	1,069,527	2,131,989	938,376
Total Expenditures	3,095,121	3,910,270	4,103,542
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(449,072)	(237,276)	(737,484)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Right-of-Use Asset Financing	55,184	1,019,200	561,031
Sale of Assets	0	0	46,562
Transfers In	56,420	0	0
Transfers Out	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	111,604	1,019,200	607,593
Net Change in Fund Balances	(337,468)	781,924	(129,891)
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,550,392	5,766,274	3,491,320
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 5,212,924	\$ 6,548,198	\$ 3,361,429

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (continued)

			Other Governmental		G	Total overnmental
	Solid Waste		00	Funds	0	Funds
Revenues						
Property Taxes and Special Fees	\$	814,269	\$	1,597,861	\$	6,276,613
Intergovernmental		0		127,441		2,302,803
Grants and Donations		0		268,827		3,459,762
Charges for Services		86,569		369,310		1,356,092
Investment Earnings (Losses)		0		0		(503,213)
Other		18,457		116,019		191,797
Total Revenues		919,295		2,479,458		13,083,854
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government		0		928,200		2,651,744
Public Safety		0		420,587		3,135,667
Highways and Roads		0		0		1,662,397
Sanitation		904,268		0		904,268
Weed Control		0		89,013		89,013
Welfare		0		250,611		250,611
Education		0		15,200		15,200
Culture and Recreation		0		35,848		35,848
Debt Service:						
Principal		0		3,224		855,981
Interest		0		526		14,589
Fees		0		0		1,200
Capital Outlay		16,591	_	305,136	_	4,461,619
Total Expenditures		920,859		2,048,345		14,078,137
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(1,564)		431,113		(994,283)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of Assets		0		900		47,462
Right-of-Use Asset Financing		0		22,560		1,657,975
Transfers In		0		0		56,420
Transfers Out		0		(56,420)		(56,420)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		(32,960)		1,705,437
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,564)		398,153		711,154
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,337,091		3,747,248		19,892,325
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,335,527	\$	4,145,401	\$	20,603,479

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 711,154

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because of the following:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation or amortization expense or create a gain or loss on an asset when it is disposed.

Capital Outlay	\$ 3,010,026
Disposal of Assets	(19,289)
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	(1,025,022)
	1,965,715

Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year ends, (144,022) they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, counted as unavailable revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.

Leases entered into during the year are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Accrued interest is also not a current financial use and does not affect fund balance but is reported in the government-wide statements.

Lease Proceeds	(1,657,975)
Principal Payments Made	855,981
Change in Accrued Interest	(8,779)
	(810.773)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and the Related Deferrals	(488,961)		
Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability Changes and the Related Deferrals	(12,524)		
Compensated Absences Liability Changes	(16,864)		
			(518,349)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	9	6	1,203,725

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds	
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,653,959
Property Taxes Receivable		209,912
Special Fees Receivable		14,540
Total Assets		2,878,411
Deferred Outflows		0
Liabilities		
Due to Other County Funds		1,650,130
Due to Others		936,312
Total Liabilities		2,586,442
Deferred Inflows		0
Net Position		
Restricted for		291,969
Total Net Position	\$	291,969

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2022

	Cust	todial Funds
Additions		
Resources Collected for Other Governments	\$	7,312,226
Resources Collected for Private Entities		445,102
Total Additions		7,757,328
Deductions		
Payments to Other Governments		7,310,027
Payments to Private Entities		376,550
Total Deductions		7,686,577
Change in Net Position		70,751
Net Position - Beginning		221,218
Net Position - Ending	\$	291,969

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

Boise County, Idaho (the County) operates under the direction of a Board of Commissioners who are responsible for the various operations of the County. The accompanying basic financial statements present the County (the primary government) and any component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

The County has one blended component unit – East Boise County Ambulance District. The District is organized and operates under Title 31, Chapter 39 of Idaho Code to provide ambulance services to the east side of the County. The assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenditures of the District are reported as a special revenue fund in the County's financial statements. The District was formed solely to provide ambulance services to the County, and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the blended component unit. Financial statements of the blended component unit may be obtained at the County Clerk's office.

The accounting policies of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

#### Basis of Presentation

*Government-wide Statements:* The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the financial activities of the overall County, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities.

- Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.
- Indirect expenses expenses of the County related to the administration and support of the County's programs, such as personnel and accounting are not allocated to programs.
- Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the
  programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital
  requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues,
  including all taxes and state formula aid, are presented as general revenues.

*Fund Financial Statements*: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental and fiduciary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows is reported as fund balance.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- General fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- *Road and Bridge fund*. This fund accounts for repairs and maintenance of roads and bridges and construction of new roads and bridges.
- Justice fund. This fund accounts for all activity related to public safety as well as the operations of the Prosecuting Attorney's office.
- Solid Waste fund. This fund accounts for solid waste management services.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a custodial capacity for other governments and private entities. The County does not administer any trust arrangements in the fiduciary funds.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are intended to finance. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized in the period collected by the State.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are received within sixty days after year-end. Unavailable revenues are reported as deferred inflows. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### Fund Balance Reporting in Governmental Funds

Different measurement focuses and bases of accounting are used in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental fund balance sheet. The County uses the following fund balance categories in the governmental fund balance sheet:

 Nonspendable. Assets that cannot be converted to cash (prepaid items), assets that cannot be converted to cash soon enough to pay current expenditures (long-term receivables or assets held for resale), or resources that must be maintained intact (endowment principal or capital of a revolving loan).

#### **Boise County, Idaho** Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- *Restricted.* Balances constrained to a specific purpose by enabling legislation, external parties, or constitutional provisions.
- Committed. Balances constrained to a specific purpose by the County's highest level of decisionmaking authority (the Board of Commissioners). A resolution is required to impose a constraint and is also required to remove a constraint.
- Assigned. Limitations imposed on balances through intentions of either the Board of Commissioners or a body or official designated by the Board of Commissioners.
- Unassigned. Balances available for any purpose.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balances available to finance the program. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

It is also the County's policy that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the County considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Fund	Purpose	Amount
General	Obligated Title III funds received, which are to be used for wildfire mitigation projects, provide or expand access to broadband telecommunication services, cover training costs and equipment directly related to emergency services, reimburse the County for search and rescue and other emergency services, or carry out activities under the Firewise Communities program.	\$ 140,000
Road and Bridge	Revenues in this fund come from Federal forest funds, state highway user funds, other intergovernmental revenue, some property tax revenue, grants, and other revenues that are to be used for maintaining and improving roads and bridges within the County.	6,087,537
Justice	Revenues in this fund come from property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenue, grants, and other revenues that are to be used for public safety services.	3,348,563
Solid Waste	Revenues in this fund come from special fees, charges for services, and other revenues that are to be used for sanitation and disposal of the County's solid waste. Also, funds are restricted by the EPA for the estimated remaining post-closure landfill costs.	935,899
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Revenues in these funds come from levied property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, grants, charges for services, and other revenues that are to be used for public assistance and safety, health and welfare, maintenance and improvement of public ways and facilities, district and magistrate court activities, culture and recreation, education, and other governmental type activities.	3,666,463
		\$ 14 178 462

The purposes of restricted fund balance are detailed as follows:

\$ 14,178,462

The purposes of committed fund balance are detailed as follows:

- Minimum fund balance. The County maintains a prudent level of financial resources to protect against current and future risks, ensure stable tax rates, address long-term financial planning, preserve bond ratings, and to protect against reducing service levels or raising taxes and fees because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unexpected one-time expenditures. The ranges set for each fund are based on the predictability of revenues, volatility of expenditures, and liquidity requirements and shall be reviewed periodically. The range set for all County funds is to be maintained at a level between 10% and 30% of actual operating revenues. The amounts determined from this calculation are considered committed fund balance and total \$900,000.
- *Subsequent year's expenditures.* This is the amount needed to support the next year's budget when expenditures exceed revenues and taxes and total \$1,328,936.
- *Cash basis.* This is calculated as the estimated fund balance needed to fund the County's operations through the first three months of the next fiscal year due to timing differences between receipt of revenues and disbursement of expenditures and total \$550,000.
- *Capital facilities*. A new fund has been established for the purpose of accumulating funds for future capital facilities. Funds committed to this purpose total \$1,875,000.

The assigned fund balance within the General fund is the amount the Clerk has estimated will be needed for capital improvements (\$100,000); facility related professional fees (\$100,000); vehicle replacements (\$100,000); professional fees for step and grade pay scale updates (\$5,000); disaster and emergency funds (\$150,000); extraordinary legal costs (\$100,000); technology software and hardware needs (\$105,000); road department capital project needs (\$160,650), and grant fund matching (\$75,000). The remaining assigned fund balances are those the Clerk has estimated will be needed in the Road and Bridge fund for capital projects (\$460,661); Solid Waste fund for capital improvements (\$150,000), East Boise County Ambulance fund for replacement programs (\$9,155); and the Grant fund for grant matching (\$17,429).

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are generally considered short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the purchase date. However, maturities may be long-term but easily converted to cash and include External Investment Pools, U.S. Government Obligations, Bank Acceptances, and Certificates of Deposit. Investments are stated at fair value as determined by the fair value hierarchy. Non-participating contracts at banks (such as certificates of deposits), are reported at amortized cost.

Idaho Code authorizes the County to invest any available funds in obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States Treasury, the State of Idaho, local Idaho municipalities and taxing districts, the Farm Credit System, or Idaho public corporations, as well as time deposit accounts and repurchase agreements.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of drug enforcement fees due from the Drug Enforcement custodial fund, indigent reimbursements from the Indigent custodial fund and the State of Idaho, and amounts due for ambulance services.

The allowance for doubtful accounts for the governmental activities is \$234,035 as of September 30, 2022. This allowance is derived from historical data on the collections of ambulance receivables.

#### Property Taxes

In accordance with Idaho law, ad-valorem property taxes are levied in September for each County fiscal year. Taxes are recorded by the County using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Levies are made on or before the 3rd Monday of September. All of the personal property taxes and one-half of the real property taxes are due on or before the 20th of December. The remaining one-half of the real property tax is due on or before June 20th of the following year. A lien is filed on property three years from the date of delinquency. The property tax calendar is as follows:

Date property is valued	January 1
Date tax levies are established	Third Monday of September
Date taxes are billed	November 20
Date taxes are due	Half on December 20 and half on the following June 20
Date taxes become delinquent	First day in January of the succeeding year

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Contributed assets are reported at estimated acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are shown below:

	Capitalization		Depreciation	Estimated
		Policy	Method	Useful Life
Land and Land Improvements		All	N/A	N/A
Infrastructure	\$	100,000	Straight-Line	20 - 50 Years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	5,000	Straight-Line	15 - 40 Years
Equipment	\$	5,000	Straight-Line	5 - 15 Years
Personal Property and Software	\$	5,000	Straight-Line	5 - 15 Years

Depreciation is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of all capital assets over their estimated useful lives.

General infrastructure assets acquired prior to October 1, 2003, are not reported in the basic financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to October 1, 2003.

#### Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent debt obligations that will be paid within the next billing cycle. Amounts shown are not over 60 days past due.

#### Compensated Absences

Personal leave compensation (vacation benefit) is available to full-time and permanent part-time employees who have completed the equivalent of six months full-time employment.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset) and pension expense (offset), information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

County employees who retire and have not yet become eligible for Federal Medicare coverage are eligible to purchase insurance through the County's healthcare plan (the Plan). Although retirees pay their own premium, there is an implicit cost due to increased group premiums when retirees are included in the County's healthcare plan. For purposes of measuring the other post-employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the implicit medical benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the County recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. The County's policy is to fully collateralize deposits exceeding insurance limits with government and/or agency securities held by the pledging financial institution but not in the County's name. As of September 30, 2022, \$191,180 of the County's bank balances were insured and \$8,133,661 were collateralized.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investments are held by the Idaho State Treasurer and Multi-Bank Securities, Inc.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

It is the County's policy that acceptable financial instruments must have a credit rating of A or better by Standard & Poor's Corporation (S&P) or an equivalent nationally recognized statistical rating organization. However, investments may be made in the Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool without regard to the above required credit ratings.

The State Treasurer must operate and invest the funds of the pool for the benefit of the participants. They make investments in accordance with Idaho Code, Sections 67-1210 and 67-1210A. The pool is not rated and is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other regulatory body. The pool is valued using the Net Asset Value (NAV) per share method. Investments using the NAV per share method do not have readily obtainable fair values and are, instead, valued based on the County's pro-rata share of the pool's net position. The County values these investments based on the State of Idaho Treasurer's Office. The State Treasurer does not provide any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the shares to participants. Participants have overnight availability to their funds up to \$10 million. Withdrawals of more than \$10 million require 3 business days' notification.

			 Quality Ratings				
Investment Type	F	air Value	 AAA		AA		
External Investment Pool (DBF)	\$	3,059,285	\$ 1,769,461	\$	95,880		
Certificates of Deposit		224,872	0		0		
U.S. Government Agency Obligations		2,382,212	 2,382,212		0		
	\$	5,666,369	\$ 4,151,673	\$	95,880		

At September 30, 2022, the County's investments had the following quality ratings:

	Quality Ratings						_	
Investment Type		А		Baa		P-1		Unrated
External Investment Pool (DBF)	\$	322,529	\$	0	\$	0	\$	871,415
Certificates of Deposit		0		0		0		224,872
U.S. Government Agency Obligations		0		0		0		0
	\$	322,529	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,096,287

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The County's investment policy states, where possible, portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector, allows for no more than 50% in a specific issuer and in a specific class of securities. In addition, GASBS No. 40 requires disclosure of concentrations over 5% in a single issuer. As of September 30, 2022, the County had three issuers in excess of 5% of the County's investments - US Government Obligation, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation valued at \$799,469; US Government Obligation, Federal Home Loan Banks valued at \$441,640; and US Government Obligation, Federal National Mortgage valued at \$473,226.

#### Interest Rate Risk

To help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates, it is the County's policy to invest in financial instruments whose maturities are consistent with the needs of the County. The County's intent is to also invest locally as long as rates remain competitive.

#### **Boise County, Idaho** Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

As of September 30, 2022, the County's investments had the following maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in years)					
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Le	ess Than 1		1-5		6-10
External Investment Pool (DBF)	\$ 3,059,285	\$	1,242,682	\$	1,536,067	\$	280,536
External Investment Pool (LGIP)	8,040,498		8,040,498		0		0
Certificates of Deposit	224,872		0		224,872		0
U.S. Government Obligations	 2,382,212		0		2,019,228		362,984
	\$ 13,706,867	\$	9,283,180	\$	3,780,167	\$	643,520

#### Fair Value of Investments

The County measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

As of September 30, 2022, the County had the following recurring fair value investments:

		Fair Value Measurements Using				
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Investments	Fair Value	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs		
External Investment Pool (DBF)	\$ 3,059,285	\$ 0	\$ 3,059,285	\$ 0		
Certificates of Deposit	224,872	0	224,872	0		
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	2,382,212	0	2,382,212	0		
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$ 5,666,369	<u>\$</u> 0	\$ 5,666,369	<u>\$0</u>		

Level 2 inputs for the investments above are valued using the market approach. Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that GASB statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs to measure an asset's fair value.

#### 3. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to a considerable number of risks of loss including, but not limited to, a) damage to and loss of property and contents, b) employee torts, c) professional liabilities, i.e. errors and omissions, d) environmental damage, and e) worker's compensation, i.e. employee injuries. Commercial insurance policies are purchased to transfer the risk of loss.

#### **Boise County, Idaho** Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### 4. TRANSFERS

Transfers between funds for the current year were as follows:

- \$ 55,818 From nonmajor funds to the General fund to allocate risk-financing activities.
  - 602 From the nonmajor funds to the General fund to close out funds.

\$ 56,420

#### 5. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due from the State of Idaho consist of federal and state grants of \$115,384, liquor apportionment of \$27,242, cigarette tax of \$3,973, highway user revenue of \$354,345, and state revenue sharing of \$161,330. Amounts due from the County's custodial funds for federal and state fees and grants total \$1,570,929.

Declass

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

Reclass-						
	10/1/2021	ifications	Additions	Disposals	09/30/2022	
Governmental Activities:						
Capital Assets Not Being Depre	eciated:					
Land	\$ 380,107	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 380,107	
Construction in Progress	18,086	0	267,156	0	285,242	
	398,193	0	267,156	0	665,349	
Capital Assets Being Depreciat	ed or Amortized	ł:				
Infrastructure	10,710,992	0	945,852	0	11,656,844	
Buildings and Improvements	3,041,254	0	43,062	0	3,084,316	
Equipment	8,585,083	0	620,264	(580,670)	8,624,677	
Right-of-Use Assets:						
Buildings	0	0	37,951	0	37,951	
Equipment	0	0	1,095,741	0	1,095,741	
Total Right-of-Use Assets	0	0	1,133,692	0	1,133,692	
Total Historical Cost	22,337,329	0	2,742,870	(580,670)	24,499,529	
Less: Accumulated Depreciatio	n and Amortizat	tion				
Infrastructure	1,916,494	0	288,663	0	2,205,157	
Buildings and Improvements	1,007,095	0	89,269	0	1,096,364	
Equipment	6,788,940	0	558,828	(561,381)	6,786,387	
Right-of-Use Assets:						
Buildings	0	0	6,825	0	6,825	
Equipment	0	0	81,437	0	81,437	
Total Right-of-Use Assets	0	0	88,262	0	88,262	
Total Accumulated						
Depreciation and Amortization	9,712,529	0	1,025,022	(561,381)	10,176,170	
Capital Assets - Net	\$ 13,022,993	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 1,985,004	<u>\$ (19,289</u> )	\$ 14,988,708	

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to the functions of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 89,009
Public Safety	258,992
Highways and Roads	630,845
Sanitation	25,979
Weed Control	3,918
Culture and Recreation	 16,279
	\$ 1,025,022

#### 7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The County presently accumulates unused vacation days available to full-time and permanent part-time employees who have completed the equivalent of 6 months full-time employment. All accumulated vacation days represents a potential liability to the County.

	1(	0/1/2021	Increase		Increase Decrease		09/30/2022		Current	
Governmental Activities	\$	163,392	\$	248,067	\$	(231,203)	\$	180,256	\$	180,256

#### 8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Permanent, full-time employees of the County may participate upon hire in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments), administered by Nationwide Retirement Solutions.

Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until withdrawal at a later date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The County has no liability for losses under the plan but it does have the obligation of due care in selecting the third-party administrator (Nationwide Retirement Solutions). The County does not make employer contributions to this plan.

#### 9. LANDFILL CLOSURE

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (E.P.A.), on October 9, 1991, issued "Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria" (40 <u>Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.</u>) parts 257 and 258, which establish closure requirements for municipal solid waste landfills accepting waste after October 9, 1991 ("municipal" refers to the type of solid waste received, not the ownership of the landfill).

Certain restrictions and requirements relating to the maintenance and monitoring of the landfill apply to municipal solid waste landfills that receive waste after April 9, 1994 (extended from the original date of October 3, 1993). These criteria are set forth in the rules issued by the E.P.A. referred to above.

The County closed the Warm Springs Ridge Landfill, effective February 13, 2009. The Central District Health Department (CDHD) and the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (IDEQ) reviewed the final

#### **Boise County, Idaho** Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### 9. LANDFILL CLOSURE (continued)

Closure CQA Report for the Warm Springs Ridge Landfill. The review determined that the project is in compliance with the approved closure requirements and compaction or permeability variance.

As of September 30, 2022, there is no indication of any action being taken by a Federal or State agency against the County as a result of the closure of the landfill. The County will continue to follow its approved closure plan with respect to any future activity necessary to maintain the closed landfill site. Post closure care costs incurred and paid in the current year totaled \$2,274. Estimated future costs to be recognized total \$192,453.

#### 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

#### Government-wide Activities:

The County has committed to the following leases:

- Prosecuting attorney's building over a period of 20 years, with the option of three additional five-year terms; of which the County has exercised the first five-year term in the current year but it is not reasonably certain the other two five-year terms will be exercised; payments were initially \$550 per month and increased to \$600 per month from May 2022 thru October 2024, then \$650 per month through the end of the term, which ends in FY2027. It is expected the asset will be returned at the end of the lease.
- Tower Site/Repeaters over a period of 60 months, payments of \$375 in the initial year and increases 4% per year thereafter, term is expected to end in FY2027 and the assets will be returned at the end of the lease.
- Copier over a period of 60 months, payments of \$991 due monthly, term is expected to end in FY2027 and the asset will be returned at the end of the lease.
- Three Caterpillar Motor Graders over a period of 84 months, payments of \$114,684 due yearly, term is expected to end in FY2029 and the assets are expected to be returned at the end of the lease.

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Description	Rate	Maturity	10/1/2021	Increase	Decrease	09/30/2022	Current
Governmental Activitie	es:						
PA Building	2.990%	2027	\$ 0	\$ 37,952	\$ (5,792)	\$ 32,160	\$ 6,325
Copier	2.990%	2027	0	55,184	(6,022)	49,162	10,570
Tower Site	2.990%	2026	0	22,560	(3,224)	19,336	4,128
Motorola Equipment	2.990%	2022	0	523,079	(523,079)	0	0
3 Graders	2.990%	2029	0	1,019,200	(114,684)	904,516	87,263
5 Sheriff Vehicles	12.920%	2022	29,595	0	(29,595)	0	0
3 Sheriff Vehicles	10.855%	2022	28,526	0	(28,526)	0	0
3 Sheriff Vehicles	10.855%	2022	116,049	0	(116,049)	0	0
Sheriff Vehicle	10.797%	2022	29,010	0	(29,010)	0	0
			\$ 203,180	<u>\$ 1,657,975</u>	\$ (855,981)	\$ 1,005,174	\$ 108,286

#### 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Debt service requirements on leases at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending			
September 30,	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 108,286	\$ 30,144	\$ 138,430
2024	111,757	26,859	138,616
2025	115,838	23,522	139,360
2026	119,665	19,946	139,611
2027	108,633	16,435	125,068
2028-2029	 440,995	 23,695	 464,690
	\$ 1,005,174	\$ 140,601	\$ 1,145,775

#### 11. PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

The County contributes to the Base Plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies, and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service, and three members who are Idaho citizens and are not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

#### Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year, provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

#### Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within

#### 11. PENSION PLAN (continued)

limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2022, it was 7.16% for general employees and 8.81% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% for general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. The County's contributions were \$472,751 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Offset), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2022, the County reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the County's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was .0950128%.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized pension offset of \$960,484. At September 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	[	Deferred	D	eferred
	Outflows of		In	flows of
	R	esources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	411,519	\$	16,703
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		610,111		0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		861,064		0
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions		24,696		29,147
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		124,084		0
Total	\$	2,031,474	\$	45,850

\$124,084 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (increase to a net pension asset) in the year ending September 30, 2023.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2021, the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, is 4.6 years, as well as for measurement period ended June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (offset) as follows:

#### 11. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Amount
\$446,934
\$477,539
\$223,082
\$713,985

#### Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

•	Inflation	2.30%
•	Salary increases, including inflation	3.05%
•	Investment rate of return, net of investment fees	6.35%
٠	Cost-of-living adjustments	1.00%

Several different sets of mortality rates are used in the valuation for contributing members, members retired for service, and beneficiaries. These rates were adopted for the valuation dated July 1, 2022 using the following tables:

- General Employees and All Beneficiaries Males Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 11%
- General Employees and All Beneficiaries Females Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 21%
- Teachers Males Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 12%
- Teachers Females Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 21%
- Fire & Police Males Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 21%
- Fire & Police Females Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 26%
- Disabled Members Males Pub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 38%
- Disabled Members Females Pub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 36%

An experience study was performed for the period 2015 through 2020, which reviewed all economic assumptions. Demographic assumptions, including mortality, were studied for the period 2015 through 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### 11. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of PERSI's assets. The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns (arithmetic) and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Capital market assumptions are as follows:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	0.00%	0.00%
Large Cap	18.00%	4.50%
Small/Mid Cap	11.00%	4.70%
International Equity	15.00%	4.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	10.00%	4.90%
Domestic Fixed	20.00%	-0.25%
TIPS	10.00%	-0.30%
Real Estate	8.00%	3.75%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.00%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.35%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

#### Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.35%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.35%) or 1% higher (7.35%) than the current rate:

	19	6 Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1% Increase		
		(5.35%) Rate (6.35%)		(7.35%)			
County's proportionate share of the net							
pension liability (asset)	\$	6,604,834	\$	3,742,323	\$	1,399,432	

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

#### 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

The County's defined benefit OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by GemPlan, which is not administered as a trust. GemPlan does not issue a stand-alone financial report of the County's plan. GemPlan contracts with Blue Cross of Idaho to provide medical and prescription drug insurance benefits to eligible employees and retirees (under 65 years old) and their eligible dependents. The County's Board of Commissioners has the authority to establish or amend benefit provisions.

The contribution requirement of plan members is established by the Board of Commissioners in conjunction with the insurance provider. The required contribution is based on the pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Monthly contribution rates in effect for current employees and retirees during fiscal year 2022, were \$821 for a single person or \$1,600 with a spouse. Retirees are required to pay 100% of their premiums.

The other post-employment benefit liability was measured as of October 1, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2021.

The County does not pre-fund benefits. The current funding policy is to pay benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Under government accounting standards, plan sponsors may set up a trust and pre-fund benefits. There is no requirement to pre-fund the benefits. However, if benefits are not pre-funded, an OPEB obligation is created and will grow over time. The County has not pre-funded these benefits. Therefore, no assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASBS No. 75, paragraph 4. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was zero because the County is not funding it. However, the rate would be determined based on the nature and mix of current and expected OPEB plan investments over a period representative of the expected length of future benefit payments.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in the October 1, 2021 valuation:

Valuation Timing	Actuarial valuations are performed biennially as of October 1 for accounting purposes only. The most recent valuation was performed as of October 1, 2021.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age, level percentage of pay
Inflation	2.00%
Salary Increase	3.00%
Discount Rate	2.30%
Health Cost Trend	6.50% as of October 1, 2021, grading to 5.00% over 6 years, then 4.00% for the next
Rates	48 years. The medical trend rates have been chosen based on review of historical health care increase rates, projected health care increase rates, and projected health
	care expenditures as a percentage of GDP. The components of health care costs were considered when developing the aggregate set of trend rates.
Retirement	The plan participation percentages for retirees and their spouses reflect past, current, and expected future expectations of medical plan enrollment for current actives and retirees. These amounts are adjusted to reflect population changes, differences in actual versus expected liabilities, and changes in enrollment/participation patterns.
Mortality	Rates used were recent tables developed and recommended by the Society of Actuaries - Pub-2010 Public Retirement Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
Date of Experience Studies	An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2021, which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. This is the most recently completed experience study.

#### 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

The number of employees related to the Plan are as follows:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	0
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active Employees	84
	84

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and, if applicable, inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the OPEB liability. There were no significant changes between the valuation date and the fiscal year-end. Any significant changes during this period must be reflected as prescribed by GASBS No. 75. The discount rate is equal to the 20-Year Municipal Bond Yield, as determined by considering published rate information for 20-year high quality, tax exempt, and general obligation municipal bonds as of the measurement date. The long-term expected rate of return and the municipal bond rate in determining the discount rate are applied to projected benefit payments for the periods October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2065.

Changes in assumptions or other inputs that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date include:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases, the mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General Safety) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale
- Withdrawal rates and salary increase rates were updated to reflect the latest experience study
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.50% to 2.00%
- The discount rate was changed from 3.00% to 2.30%

The following is a schedule of changes in the OPEB liability:

Total OPEB Liability as of September 30, 2021	\$ 153,874
Service cost	15,115
Interest cost	4,974
Changes of benefit terms	0
Differences between expected and actual experience	(60,919)
Assumption changes	4,652
Benefit payments	 (6,432)
Total OPEB Liability as of September 30, 2022	\$ 111,264

The total OPEB expense recognized in the government-wide statements by the County for the current year was \$5,669.

#### **Boise County, Idaho** Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

The balances of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are classified as follows:

	De	eferred	D	eferred
	Out	tflows of	In	flows of
	Re	sources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	0	\$	54,619
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		3,721		444
Amounts associated with transactions subsequent to				
the measurement date		2,640		0
	\$	6,361	\$	55,063

The expected future recognition in OPEB expense of deferred outflows and deferred inflows is as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	Amount
2023	(\$14,420)
2024	(\$14,414)
2025	(\$11,253)
2026	(\$11,255)

The following presents the OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.30%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.30%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
		(1.30%)	Rate (2.30%)		(3.30%)	
OPEB liability (asset)	\$	122,715	\$	111,264	\$	100,841

The following presents the OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	(	(5.50%) Rate (6.50%)		Rate (6.50%)	(7.50%)	
OPEB liability (asset)	\$	95,410	\$	111,264	\$	130,927

As of September 30, 2022, the County did not have any outstanding contributions due and payable to the Plan.

#### 13. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINICIPLE

The County adopted GASBS No. 87, *Leases* in the current year. Adoption of this standard required an evaluation of the County's leases and it was determined the County has several leases that qualify as a right-of-use assets. This resulted in reporting capital outlay and lease proceeds in the governmental funds in the fund financial statements of \$1,657,975 for new and existing leases. For the government-wide statements, implementation of the standard resulted in recognizing right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities, as shown in Note 10. None of the leases in existence prior to the current year resulted in

#### 13. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINICIPLE (continued)

materially different values than the present values arrived at on the implementation date (October 1, 2021). As a result, implementation of this standard had no effect on beginning fund balances or net position.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

#### Boise County, Idaho Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) PERSI - Base Plan\* Last 10 - Fiscal Years

		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018		2017		2016		2015
Employer's portion of the net pension liability (asset)	(	0.0950128%	(	0.0935665%	0.0957496%	0.0967787%	0.0933328%	(	0.0981284%	(	0.0958466%	(	0.0922923%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,742,323	\$	(73,897)	\$ 2,223,432	\$ 1,104,702	\$ 1,376,675	\$	1,542,410	\$	1,942,958	\$	1,215,339
Employer's covered payroll Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	\$	3,734,119 100.22%	\$	3,446,178 -2.14%	\$ 3,346,547 66.44%	\$ 3,266,546 33.82%	\$ 2,985,486 46.11%	\$	3,029,054 50.92%	\$	2,803,406 69.31%	\$	2,571,681 47.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		83.09%		100.36%	88.22%	93.79%	91.69%		90.68%		87.26%		91.38%

\*GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for the years the information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30.

#### Boise County, Idaho Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions PERSI - Base Plan\* Last 10 - Fiscal Years

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$	472,751	\$	419,673	\$	409,319	\$	381,287	\$	347,587	\$	327,825	\$	329,813	\$	295,988
Contributions in relation to the statutorily																
required contribution		(472,751)		(419,673)		(409,319)		(381,287)		(347,587)		(327,825)		(329,813)		(295,988)
Contribution (deficiency) excess	¢	0	¢	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Contribution (denciency) excess	<u>Ф</u>	0	ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	•	Ψ	0	Ŷ	
Employer's covered payroll	\$	3,934,521	\$	3,493,717	\$	3,407,958	\$	3,312,383	\$	3,052,661	\$	2,878,698	\$	2,895,756	\$	2,600,988
	\$	3,934,521 12.02%	\$	3,493,717 12.01%	\$	3,407,958 12.01%	\$	3,312,383 11.51%	\$	3,052,661 11.39%	\$	2,878,698 11.39%	\$	2,895,756 11.39%	\$	2,600,988 11.38%

\*GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for the years the information is available.

Data is reported as of September 30.

#### Boise County, Idaho Schedule of Changes in the County's OPEB Liability Last 10 - Fiscal Years\*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability as of October 1	\$ 153,874	\$ 136,313	\$ 134,435 \$	118,170	\$ 104,387
Service cost	15,115	16,468	15,950	14,424	14,004
Interest cost	4,974	4,532	5,204	4,593	4,069
Change of benefit terms	0	0	0	0	0
Differences between expected and actual experience	(60,919)	0	(14,716)	0	0
Assumption changes	4,652	0	(1,113)	0	0
Benefit payments	 (6,432)	(3,439)	(3,447)	(2,752)	(4,290)
Total OPEB liability as of September 30	\$ 111,264	\$ 153,874	\$ 136,313 \$	134,435	\$ 118,170

\*GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for the years the information is available.

#### Boise County, Idaho Schedule of the County's OPEB Liability

Last 10 - Fiscal Years\*

	 2022	2021	2020	2019		2018
Total OPEB liability	\$ 111,264	\$ 153,874	\$ 136,313	\$ 134,435 \$	,	118,170
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,545,138	\$ 3,151,361	\$ 3,168,264	\$ 3,074,775 \$	,	2,793,978
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered						
employee payroll	3.14%	4.88%	4.30%	4.37%		4.23%

\*GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for the years the information is available.

# Boise County, Idaho Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original		Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	1,273,959	\$	1,273,960	\$ 1,286,645	\$ 12,685
Intergovernmental		207,932		207,932	289,716	81,784
Grants and Donations		297,810		306,253	964,041	657,788
Charges for Services		590,500		610,500	590,539	(19,961)
Investment Earnings (Losses)		100,000		100,000	(503,213)	(603,213)
Other		6,300		6,300	18,321	12,021
Total Revenues		2,476,501		2,504,945	 2,646,049	 141,104
Expenditures						
Current:						
Salaries		1,177,408		1,257,659	1,043,321	214,338
Benefits		494,672		509,733	462,389	47,344
Operating		1,383,938		1,093,938	512,944	580,994
Debt Service:						
Principal		0		0	6,022	(6,022)
Interest		0		0	918	(918)
Contingency		195,176		89,863	0	89,863
Capital Outlay		490,200		894,965	1,069,527	(174,562)
Total Expenditures		3,741,394		3,846,158	3,095,121	751,037
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(1,264,893)		(1,341,213)	 (449,072)	 892,141
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Right-of-Use Asset Financing		0		0	55,184	55,184
Transfers In		1,264,893		1,341,213	56,420	(1,284,793)
Transfers Out		0		0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,264,893		1,341,213	 111,604	 (1,229,609)
Net Change in Fund Balances		0		0	(337,468)	(337,468)
Fund Balances - Beginning		0		0	 5,550,392	5,550,392
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 5,212,924	\$ 5,212,924

# Boise County, Idaho Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule Road and Bridge For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original		Final	 Actual	 Variance
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$ 151,864	\$ 1,864
Intergovernmental		1,325,000		1,325,000	1,387,894	62,894
Grants and Contributions		896,831		1,538,930	2,110,810	571,880
Charges for Services		0		0	4,212	4,212
Other		10,000		10,000	18,214	8,214
Total Revenues		2,381,831		3,023,930	 3,672,994	 649,064
Expenditures						
Current:						
Salaries		709,071		730,908	635,597	95,311
Benefits		317,783		321,948	254,365	67,583
Operating		869,477		939,477	772,435	167,042
Debt Service:						
Principal		0		0	114,684	(114,684)
Debt Fees		0		0	1,200	(1,200)
Contingency		10,000		4,000	0	4,000
Capital Outlay		975,500		1,564,190	 2,131,989	 (567,799)
Total Expenditures		2,881,831		3,560,523	 3,910,270	 (349,747)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(500,000)		(536,593)	 (237,276)	 299,317
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Right-of-Use Asset Financing		0		0	1,019,200	1,019,200
Transfers In		500,000		536,593	0	(536,593)
Transfers Out		0		0	 0	 0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		500,000		536,593	 1,019,200	 482,607
Net Change in Fund Balances		0		0	781,924	781,924
Fund Balances - Beginning		0		0	 5,766,274	 5,766,274
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 6,548,198	\$ 6,548,198

# Boise County, Idaho Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule Justice Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted	l Am	ounts				
	Original		Final	Actual	Variance		
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$ 2,405,375	\$	2,405,375	\$ 2,425,974	\$	20,599	
Intergovernmental	426,107		426,107	497,752		71,645	
Grants and Contributions	10,000		102,000	116,084		14,084	
Charges for Services	336,659		336,659	305,462		(31,197)	
Other	7,000		53,562	20,786		(32,776)	
Total Revenues	 3,185,141		3,323,703	 3,366,058		42,355	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Salaries	1,717,404		1,775,100	1,512,794		262,306	
Benefits	624,856		638,208	571,604		66,604	
Operating	416,870		441,870	335,572		106,298	
Debt Service:							
Principal	203,180		203,180	732,051		(528,871)	
Interest	183		183	13,145		(12,962)	
Contingency	141,043		44,995	0		44,995	
Capital Outlay	 830,605		969,167	 938,376		30,791	
Total Expenditures	 3,934,141		4,072,703	 4,103,542		(30,839)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	 (749,000)		(749,000)	 (737,484)		11,516	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Right-of-Use Asset Financing	0		0	561,031		561,031	
Sale of Assets	0		0	46,562		46,562	
Transfers In	0		0	0		0	
Transfers Out	 749,000		749,000	 0		(749,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 749,000		749,000	 607,593		(141,407)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	0		0	(129,891)		(129,891)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	 0		0	 3,491,320		3,491,320	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 3,361,429	\$	3,361,429	

# Boise County, Idaho Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule Solid Waste For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts				
	Original		Final	Actual	Variance		
Revenues							
Special Fees	\$ 787,500	\$	787,500	\$ 814,269	\$	26,769	
Charges for Services	61,500		61,500	86,569		25,069	
Other	10,000		10,000	18,457		8,457	
Total Revenues	 859,000		859,000	 919,295		60,295	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Salaries	189,452		192,536	169,649		22,887	
Benefits	60,608		60,869	52,372		8,497	
Operating	783,913		783,913	682,247		101,666	
Capital Outlay	49,500		49,500	16,591		32,909	
Total Expenditures	 1,083,473		1,086,818	 920,859		165,959	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	 (224,473)		(227,818)	 (1,564)		226,254	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In	224,473		227,818	0		(227,818)	
Transfers Out	0		0	0		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	224,473		227,818	0		(227,818)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	0		0	(1,564)		(1,564)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	 0		0	 1,337,091		1,337,091	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 1,335,527	\$	1,335,527	

#### 1. OPEB TRENDS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Past, present, and future schedules may present factors that significantly affect the identification of trends in the amounts reported, such as changes in benefit provisions, the size or composition of the employee group covered by the plan, or the actuarial methods and assumptions used. Prior year amounts will not be restated. Assumption changes included: the health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases, the mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General Safety) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale, withdrawal rates and salary increase rates were updated to reflect the latest experience study, the inflation rate was changed from 2.50% to 2.00%, and the discount rate was changed from 3.00% to 2.30%.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in the October 1, 2021 valuation:

Valuation Timing	Actuarial valuations are performed biennially as of October 1 for accounting purposes only. The most recent valuation was performed as of October 1, 2021.
Actuarial Cost Method Inflation Salary Increase Discount Rate	Entry Age, level percentage of pay 2.00% 3.00% 2.30%
Health Cost Trend Rates	6.50% as of October 1, 2021, grading to 5.00% over 6 years, then 4.00% for the next 48 years. The medical trend rates have been chosen based on review of historical health care increase rates, projected health care increase rates, and projected health care expenditures as a percentage of GDP. The components of health care costs were considered when developing the aggregate set of trend rates.
Retirement	The plan participation percentages for retirees and their spouses reflect past, current, and expected future expectations of medical plan enrollment for current actives and retirees. These amounts are adjusted to reflect population changes, differences in actual versus expected liabilities, and changes in enrollment/ participation patterns.
Mortality	Rates used were recent tables developed and recommended by the Society of Actuaries - Pub-2010 Public Retirement Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
Date of Experience Studies	An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2021, which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. This is the most recently completed experience study.

All GemPlan counties were combined to calculate an average annual claim amount of \$18,970. This average amount was then adjusted to reflect the County's underlying plan provisions. The plan adjustment factor was 1.108.

The County has not pre-funded benefits. Therefore, no assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASBS No. 75, paragraph 4.

#### 2. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. Prior to September 1, the County Clerk and County Commissioners prepare a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. Public hearings are conducted at the County Seat (Idaho City) to obtain taxpayer comments.
- C. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- D. The County is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, no revision can be made to increase the overall tax supported funds except when federal or state grants are approved. The County, however, must follow the same budgetary procedures as they followed when the original budget was approved.
- E. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General fund and Special Revenue funds.
- F. The budget for the General and Special Revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- G. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. The County does not use the encumbrance method of accounting.

#### 3. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

The Justice fund's expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$30,839. The Road and Bridge fund's expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$349,747. This is because at the time the budgets were established for these funds, accounting for leases under the new leasing standard was not contemplated. Appropriately accounting for leases under the new standard, increased expenditures in the Justice fund by \$561,031 and in the Road and Bridge fund by \$1,019,200. However, there is a corresponding increase to other financing sources for these same leases.

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

# **Boise County, Idaho** Supplemental Schedule of Revenues by Source Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budget	Actual	Variance		
Revenue	 •				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,273,960	\$ 1,286,645	\$	12,685	
Intergovernmental	207,932	289,716		81,784	
Grants and Donations	306,253	964,041		657,788	
Charges for Services	610,500	590,539		(19,961)	
Investment Earnings (Losses)	100,000	(503,213)		(603,213)	
Other Revenue	6,300	18,321		12,021	
Other Financing Sources					
Right-of-Use Asset Financing	0	55,184		55,184	
Transfers In	 1,341,213	56,420		(1,284,793)	
Total Revenue	\$ 3,846,158	\$ 2,757,653	\$	(1,088,505)	

## Boise County, Idaho Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures by Object of Expenditure - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Clerk-Auditor:         \$         255,280 \$         177,707 \$         77,573           Benefits         112,407         109,641         2,766           Operating         110,00         6,828         4,172           Capital Outlay         500         440         60           Assessor:         379,187         294,616         84,571           Salaries         191,136         170,741         20,395           Benefits         84,251         72,090         12,161           Operating         14,950         13,212         1,738           Capital Outlay         500         55,592         (55,092)           Treasurer/Tax Collector:         290,837         311,635         (20,798)           Salaries         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Salaries         17,725         17,725           Benefits         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital		Budg	get		Actual		Variance
Benefits         112,407         109,641         2,766           Operating         11,000         6,828         4,172           Assessor:         379,187         294,616         84,571           Assessor:         911,136         170,741         20,395           Benefits         14,950         13,212         1,738           Operating         14,950         13,212         1,738           Capital Outlay         500         55,592         (55,092)           Treasurer/Tax Collector:         290,837         311,635         (20,788)           Salaries         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,724           Salaries         52,811         44,921         7,890           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay <td>Clerk-Auditor:</td> <td><b>•</b> • •</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td>	Clerk-Auditor:	<b>•</b> • •		•		•	
Operating Capital Outlay         11,000         6,628         4,172           Solaries         300         440         60           Salaries         191,136         170,741         20,395           Benefits         84,251         72,090         12,161           Operating         14,950         13,212         1,738           Capital Outlay         500         55,592         (55,092)           Treasurer/Tax Collector:         290,837         311,635         (20,798)           Salaries         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         0,500         0         0           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Capital Outlay         500         1012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         100         0           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         1012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         13,811         30,423           Coroner:         33,				\$		\$	
Capital Outlay         500         440         60           Assessor:         379,187         294,616         84,571           Salaries         191,136         170,741         20,395           Benefits         84,251         72,090         12,161           Operating         14,950         13,212         1,738           Capital Outlay         500         55,592         (55,092)           Treasurer/Tax Collector:         3116,635         (20,798)           Salaries         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         5,500         1,012         4,488           Coroner:         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,500         1,012         4,488           Coroner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506							
379,187         294,616         84,571           Assessor:         91,136         170,741         20,395           Benefits         84,251         72,090         12,161           Operating         14,950         13,212         1,738           Capital Outlay         200,837         311,635         (20,798)           Treasurer/Tax Collector:         290,837         311,635         (20,798)           Salaries         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         500         500         0           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Salaries         119,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         500         180         320           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Coroner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868		-					
Assessor:         191,136         170,741         20,395           Banefits         191,136         170,741         20,395           Benefits         84,251         72,090         12,161           Operating         14,950         13,212         1,738           Capital Outlay         500         55,592         (55,092)           Treasurer/Tax Collector:         119,232         115,947         3,285           Banefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Salaries         119,523         92,798         17,724           Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         52,811         44,921         7,890           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         9,506         3,868         5,638           Operating         9,506         3,868         5,638           Operating	Capital Outlay						
Salaries         191,136         170,741         20,395           Benefits         84,251         72,090         12,161           Operating         14,950         13,212         1,738           Capital Outlay         500         55,592         (55,092)           Treasurer/Tax Collector:         311,635         (20,788)           Salaries         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Desting         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0         0           Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         5,500         1,012         4,485           Coroner:         Salaries         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,638         0,423           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           Coroner:         Salaries         50,779         23,874 <t< td=""><td></td><td>37</td><td>79,187</td><td></td><td>294,616</td><td></td><td>84,571</td></t<>		37	79,187		294,616		84,571
Benefits         84,251         72,090         12,161           Operating         14,950         13,212         1,738           Capital Outlay         200,837         311,635         (20,798)           Treasurer/Tax Collector:         290,837         311,635         (20,798)           Salaries         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Salaries         119,628         173,744         25,884           Commissioners:         2116,933         138,911         30,423           Salaries         52,811         44,921         7,890           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Coroner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,652           Capital Outlay         1,200         756         4444           90,491							
Operating Capital Outlay         14,950         13,212         1,738           Capital Outlay         500         55,592         (55,092)           Treasurer/Tax Collector:         Salaries         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,000         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Commissioners:         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         52,811         44,921         7,890           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Deprating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Coroner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,638           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           Capital Outlay         1,200         756         444           90,491         63.070         27,421           County Elect			,		-		
Capital Outlay         500         55,592         (55,092)           Treasurer/Tax Collector:         290,637         311,635         (20,798)           Salaries         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Commissioners:         119,628         173,744         25,884           Commissioners:         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         9,506         3,686         5,638           Operating         9,506         3,686         5,638           Operating         17,807         13,554         4,253			,				
290,837         311,635         (20,798)           Treasurer/Tax Collector:         3alaries         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,724           Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,500         1,012         4,488           Coroner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,688         5,638           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           Capital Outlay         1,200         756         4444           90,491         63,070         27,421           County Elections:         50,779         23,874         26,905           Benefits         0,6340		-					
Treasurer/Tax Collector:         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         52,811         44,921         7,890           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Corner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,638           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           County Elections:         50,779         23,874         26,905           Salaries         50,779         23,874         26,905           Benefits         17,807 </td <td>Capital Outlay</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Capital Outlay						
Salaries         119,232         115,947         3,285           Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         52,811         44,921         7,890           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,500         1,012         4,488           Coroner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,633           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           Capital Outlay         1,200         756         444           90,491         63,070         27,421           County Elections:         50,779         23,874         26,905           Benefits         17,807         13,554         4,253           Operating         49,790         46,940         2,850           Capital Outlay         8,000         14,		29	90,837		311,635		(20,798)
Benefits         43,996         43,032         964           Operating         35,900         14,265         21,635           Commissioners:         500         500         0           Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         52,811         44,921         7,890           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,000         180         320           Operating         5,000         180         320           Coroner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,638           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           Capital Outlay         1,200         756         444           90,491         63,070         27,421           County Elections:         50,779         23,874         26,905           Benefits         17,807         13,554         4,253           Operating         49,790         46,940         2,850           Capital Outlay         8,000         14,769							
Operating Capital Outlay         35,900         14,265         21,635           Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Commissioners:         199,628         173,744         25,884           Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         52,811         44,921         7,890           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         5,500         1,012         4,488           Coroner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,633           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           Capital Outlay         1,200         756         444           90,491         63,070         27,421         26,905           Benefits         50,779         23,874         26,905           Benefits         50,077         23,874         26,905           County Elections:         50,077         23,874         26,905           Benefits         17,807         13,554         4,253           Operating							
Capital Outlay         500         500         0           Commissioners:         199,628         173,744         25,884           Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         52,811         44,921         7,890           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Coroner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,638           Operating         9,506         3,868         5,638           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           Capital Outlay         1,200         756         444           90,491         63,070         27,421         25,000           County Elections:         50,779         23,874         26,905           Benefits         50,779         23,874         26,905           Capital Outlay         8,000         14,769         (6,769)           126,376         99,137 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		3	,		,		21,635
Commissioners: Salaries110,52392,79817,725Benefits52,81144,9217,890Operating52,81144,9217,890Capital Outlay5,0001,0124,488Capital Outlay500180320169,334138,91130,423Coroner:33,18527,5085,677Benefits9,5063,8685,638Operating46,60030,93815,662Capital Outlay1,200756444Outlay1,200756444Operating63,07027,421County Elections:50,77923,87426,905Benefits17,80713,5544,253Operating49,79046,9402,850Capital Outlay8,00014,769(6,769)Emergency Management:10,69810,475223Salaries28,00026,1521,848Benefits10,69810,475223Debt Service06,940(6,940)Operating16,7004,85111,849Capital Outlay8,445063,84356,863General Reserve:66,84056,8636,980	Capital Outlay						0
Salaries         110,523         92,798         17,725           Benefits         52,811         44,921         7,890           Operating         5,500         1,012         4,488           Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Ioenatics         109,334         138,911         30,423           Coroner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,638           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           Capital Outlay         1,200         756         444           90,491         63,070         27,421         27,421           County Elections:         50,779         23,874         26,905           Benefits         17,807         13,554         4,253           Operating         49,790         46,940         2,850           Capital Outlay         8,000         14,769         (6,769)           Benefits         17,637         13,554         4,253           Operating         28,000         26,152         1,848           Benefits         10,638         10,475         223           Debt Service         0<		19	99,628		173,744		25,884
Benefits $52,811$ $44,921$ $7,890$ Operating $5,500$ $1,012$ $4,488$ Capital Outlay $500$ $180$ $320$ Interpret to the second seco	Commissioners:						
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Operating} \\ \mbox{Capital Outlay} & 5,500 & 1,012 & 4,488 \\ \mbox{Capital Outlay} & 500 & 180 & 320 \\ \hline 169,334 & 138,911 & 30,423 \\ \hline \mbox{Coroner:} \\ \mbox{Salaries} & 33,185 & 27,508 & 5,677 \\ \mbox{Benefits} & 9,506 & 3,868 & 5,638 \\ \mbox{Operating} & 46,600 & 30,938 & 15,662 \\ \mbox{Capital Outlay} & 1,200 & 756 & 444 \\ \hline \mbox{90,491} & 63,070 & 27,421 \\ \hline \mbox{County Elections:} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$		11	10,523		92,798		17,725
Capital Outlay         500         180         320           Coroner:         169,334         138,911         30,423           Coroner:         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,638           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           Capital Outlay         1,200         756         444           90,491         63,070         27,421           County Elections:         50,779         23,874         26,905           Benefits         17,807         13,554         4,253           Operating         49,790         46,940         2,850           Capital Outlay         8,000         14,769         (6,769)           126,376         99,137         27,239         Emergency Management:         28,000         26,152         1,848           Benefits         10,698         10,475         223         0         6,940         (6,940)           Operating         0         6,940         (6,940)         2,850         1,848         36,445         8,445         0           Salaries         28,000         26,152         1,848         36,940         0,6940	Benefits	Ę	52,811		44,921		7,890
Coroner: Salaries $169,334$ $138,911$ $30,423$ Coroner: Salaries $33,185$ $27,508$ $5,677$ Benefits $9,506$ $3,868$ $5,638$ Operating $46,600$ $30,938$ $15,662$ Capital Outlay $1,200$ $756$ $444$ 90,491 $63,070$ $27,421$ County Elections: Salaries $50,779$ $23,874$ $26,905$ Benefits $17,807$ $13,554$ $4,253$ Operating $49,790$ $46,940$ $2,850$ Capital Outlay $8,000$ $14,769$ $(6,769)$ Emergency Management: Salaries $28,000$ $26,152$ $1,848$ Benefits $10,698$ $10,475$ $223$ Debt Service $0$ $6,940$ $(6,940)$ Operating $16,700$ $4,851$ $11,849$ Capital Outlay $8,445$ $8,445$ $0$ General Reserve: $63,843$ $56,863$ $6,980$	Operating		5,500		1,012		4,488
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Coroner:} \\ \mbox{Salaries} \\ \mbox{Salaries} \\ \mbox{Senefits} \\ \mbox{Operating} \\ \mbox{Capital Outlay} \\ \mbox{Capital Outlay} \\ \mbox{Salaries} \\ \mbox{Solorry} \\ $	Capital Outlay		500		180		320
Salaries         33,185         27,508         5,677           Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,638           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           Capital Outlay         1,200         756         444           90,491         63,070         27,421           County Elections:         50,779         23,874         26,905           Benefits         17,807         13,554         4,253           Operating         49,790         46,940         2,850           Capital Outlay         8,000         14,769         (6,769)           I26,376         99,137         27,239         126,376         99,137         27,239           Emergency Management:         28,000         26,152         1,848         10,698         10,475         223           Debt Service         0         6,940         (6,940)         0,6940         (6,940)           Operating         16,700         4,851         11,849         0         63,843         56,863         6,980           General Reserve:         6a,843         56,863         6,980         63,843         56,863         6,980		16	69,334		138,911		30,423
Benefits         9,506         3,868         5,638           Operating         46,600         30,938         15,662           Capital Outlay         1,200         756         444           90,491         63,070         27,421           County Elections:         50,779         23,874         26,905           Benefits         17,807         13,554         4,253           Operating         49,790         46,940         2,850           Capital Outlay         8,000         14,769         (6,769)           I26,376         99,137         27,239         27,239           Emergency Management:         Salaries         28,000         26,152         1,848           Benefits         10,698         10,475         223           Debt Service         0         6,940         (6,940)           Operating         16,700         4,851         11,849           Capital Outlay         8,445         8,445         0           General Reserve:         63,843         56,863         6,980	Coroner:						
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Salaries	3	33,185		27,508		5,677
Capital Outlay       1,200       756       444         90,491       63,070       27,421         County Elections:       50,779       23,874       26,905         Benefits       17,807       13,554       4,253         Operating       49,790       46,940       2,850         Capital Outlay       8,000       14,769       (6,769)         Itemergency Management:       28,000       26,152       1,848         Benefits       10,698       10,475       223         Debt Service       0       6,940       (6,940)         Operating       16,700       4,851       11,849         Capital Outlay       8,445       8,445       0         General Reserve:       63,843       56,863       6,980	Benefits		9,506		3,868		5,638
90,491       63,070       27,421         County Elections:       50,779       23,874       26,905         Benefits       17,807       13,554       4,253         Operating       49,790       46,940       2,850         Capital Outlay       8,000       14,769       (6,769)         Emergency Management:       28,000       26,152       1,848         Benefits       10,698       10,475       223         Debt Service       0       6,940       (6,940)         Operating       16,700       4,851       11,849         Capital Outlay       8,445       8,445       0         General Reserve:       63,843       56,863       6,980	Operating	4	46,600		30,938		15,662
County Elections:         50,779         23,874         26,905           Benefits         17,807         13,554         4,253           Operating         49,790         46,940         2,850           Capital Outlay         8,000         14,769         (6,769)           Iz6,376         99,137         27,239           Emergency Management:         28,000         26,152         1,848           Benefits         10,698         10,475         223           Debt Service         0         6,940         (6,940)           Operating         16,700         4,851         11,849           Capital Outlay         8,445         8,445         0           General Reserve:         General Reserve:         0         6,980	Capital Outlay		1,200		756		444
Salaries       50,779       23,874       26,905         Benefits       17,807       13,554       4,253         Operating       49,790       46,940       2,850         Capital Outlay       8,000       14,769       (6,769)         126,376       99,137       27,239         Emergency Management:       28,000       26,152       1,848         Benefits       10,698       10,475       223         Debt Service       0       6,940       (6,940)         Operating       16,700       4,851       11,849         Capital Outlay       8,445       8,445       0         General Reserve:       General Reserve:       50,863       6,980		ç	90,491		63,070		27,421
Benefits       17,807       13,554       4,253         Operating       49,790       46,940       2,850         Capital Outlay       8,000       14,769       (6,769)         Emergency Management:       28,000       26,152       1,848         Benefits       10,698       10,475       223         Debt Service       0       6,940       (6,940)         Operating       11,849       11,849         Capital Outlay       8,445       8,445       0         General Reserve:       6,980       6,980       6,980	County Elections:						
Operating Capital Outlay         49,790         46,940         2,850           8,000         14,769         (6,769)           126,376         99,137         27,239           Emergency Management: Salaries         28,000         26,152         1,848           Benefits         10,698         10,475         223           Debt Service         0         6,940         (6,940)           Operating         16,700         4,851         11,849           Capital Outlay         8,445         8,445         0           General Reserve:         General Reserve:         56,863         6,980	Salaries	Ę	50,779		23,874		26,905
Capital Outlay       8,000       14,769       (6,769)         126,376       99,137       27,239         Emergency Management:       28,000       26,152       1,848         Benefits       10,698       10,475       223         Debt Service       0       6,940       (6,940)         Operating       16,700       4,851       11,849         Capital Outlay       8,445       8,445       0         General Reserve:       0       63,843       56,863       6,980	Benefits		17,807		13,554		4,253
126,376       99,137       27,239         Emergency Management:       28,000       26,152       1,848         Benefits       10,698       10,475       223         Debt Service       0       6,940       (6,940)         Operating       16,700       4,851       11,849         Capital Outlay       8,445       8,445       0         General Reserve:       0       63,843       56,863       6,980	Operating	2	49,790		46,940		2,850
126,376       99,137       27,239         Emergency Management:       28,000       26,152       1,848         Benefits       10,698       10,475       223         Debt Service       0       6,940       (6,940)         Operating       16,700       4,851       11,849         Capital Outlay       8,445       8,445       0         General Reserve:       0       63,843       56,863       6,980			8,000		14,769		
Emergency Management:       28,000       26,152       1,848         Benefits       10,698       10,475       223         Debt Service       0       6,940       (6,940)         Operating       16,700       4,851       11,849         Capital Outlay       8,445       8,445       0         General Reserve:       63,843       56,863       6,980		12	26,376		99,137		· · · · ·
Salaries       28,000       26,152       1,848         Benefits       10,698       10,475       223         Debt Service       0       6,940       (6,940)         Operating       16,700       4,851       11,849         Capital Outlay       8,445       8,445       0         General Reserve:       63,843       56,863       6,980	Emergency Management:						· · · ·
Benefits         10,698         10,475         223           Debt Service         0         6,940         (6,940)           Operating         16,700         4,851         11,849           Capital Outlay         8,445         8,445         0           63,843         56,863         6,980			28,000		26,152		1,848
Debt Service         0         6,940         (6,940)           Operating         16,700         4,851         11,849           Capital Outlay         8,445         8,445         0           63,843         56,863         6,980							
Operating         16,700         4,851         11,849           Capital Outlay         8,445         8,445         0           63,843         56,863         6,980			-				
Capital Outlay         8,445         8,445         0           63,843         56,863         6,980			16.700				· · ·
63,843         56,863         6,980           General Reserve:         63,843         56,863         6,980			-				
General Reserve:	1	f					
	General Reserve:		-,		,		-,
			89,863		0		89,863

#### Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures by Object of Expenditure - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (continued)

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Information Technologies:			
Salaries	90,269	84,728	5,541
Benefits	28,176	26,564	1,612
Operating	141,600	35,369	106,231
Capital Outlay	151,320	786,636	(635,316)
	411,365	933,297	(521,932)
Community Projects:			
Operating	24,000	19,159	4,841
General Operations:			
Salaries	125,038	106,605	18,433
Benefits	55,698	53,159	2,539
Operating	167,100	110,525	56,575
Capital Outlay	4,000	0	4,000
	351,836	270,289	81,547
Emergency Contingency:			• • ,• • •
Operating	150,000	0	150,000
Planning and Zoning:			
Salaries	226,217	191,552	34,665
Benefits	83,685	75,428	8,257
Operating	81,000	73,893	7,107
Capital Outlay	0	397	(397)
ouplui ouluy	390,902	341,270	49,632
Title III Wildlife Mitigation:		041,270	40,002
Salaries	28,000	25,709	2,291
Benefits	10,698	9,657	1,041
Operating	210,298	86,679	123,619
opolaung	248,996	122,045	126,951
Extraordinary Legal/Homicide:		122,010	120,001
Operating	139,500	69,273	70,227
Capital Project:			
Capital Project:	220.000	20 625	200 275
Operating Capital Outlay	320,000	29,625	290,375
Capital Oullay	400,000	172,187	227,813
	720,000	201,812	518,188
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,846,158 \$	3,095,121	\$ 751,037

#### Boise County, Idaho Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

				Special R	leve	enue Fund			
	ast Boise County nbulance	District Court	F	Court acilities	Gr	ant Fund	Pr	Health eventative	Indigent
Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net:	\$ 333,839	\$ 563,700	\$	27,109	\$	0	\$	47,445	\$ 662,762
Taxes	161,499	309,817		0		0		87,231	14,413
Intergovernmental	4,149	26,107		0		17,429		0	0
Accounts	75,036	0		0		0		0	65,736
Prepaid Items	3,934	0		0		0		0	0
Total Assets	 578,457	899,624		27,109		17,429		134,676	742,911
Deferred Outflows	 0	0		0		0		0	0
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 578,457	\$ 899,624	\$	27,109	\$	17,429	\$	134,676	\$ 742,911
Liabilities									
Salaries and Benefits Payable	\$ 2,346	\$ 5,799	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 575
Deferred Inflows									
Unavailable Property Taxes	 160,425	306,344		0		0		86,834	11,707
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable	3,934	0		0		0		0	0
Restricted	307,812	464,319		0		0		47,842	729,429
Committed	94,785	123,162		27,109		0		0	1,200
Assigned	9,155	0		0		17,429		0	0
Total Fund Balances	 415,686	587,481		27,109		17,429		47,842	730,629
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,									
and Fund Balances	\$ 578,457	\$ 899,624	\$	27,109	\$	17,429	\$	134,676	\$ 742,911

#### Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2022 (continued)

				S	pecia	al Revenue	Fun	d		
		ior College Tuition	R	evaluation		Tort		Weeds	С	Emergency Communications 911
Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net:	\$	221,682	\$	645,331	\$	621,150	\$	319,591	\$	315,753
Taxes		0		424,841		350,698		4,290		0
Intergovernmental		0		0		0		1,584		3,169
Accounts		0		0		0		0		0
Prepaid Items		0		0		5,743		0		8,369
Total Assets		221,682		1,070,172		977,591		325,465		327,291
Deferred Outflows		0		0		0		0		0
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	221,682	\$	1,070,172	\$	977,591	\$	325,465	\$	327,291
Liabilities										
Salaries and Benefits Payable	\$	0	\$	5,079	\$	0	\$	844	\$	<u> </u>
Deferred Inflows										
Unavailable Property Taxes		0		421,277		348,268		3,434		0
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		0		0		5,743		0		8,369
Restricted		203,682		643,816		623,580		221,187		278,596
Committed		18,000		0		0		100,000		40,326
Assigned		0		0		0		0		0
Total Fund Balances		221,682		643,816		629,323		321,187		327,291
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,	•		•		•		•			
and Fund Balances	\$	221,682	\$	1,070,172	\$	977,591	\$	325,465	\$	\$ 327,291

## Boise County, Idaho Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2022 (continued)

		Sp	ecial	Revenue F	unc	ł			
	-	owmobile	Sr	nowmobile		Sheriff's			
		IC8-A		GV8-B		Vessel	B	ond Fund	Total
Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	84,461	\$	20,660	\$	71,128	\$	0	\$ 3,934,611
Receivables, Net:									
Taxes		0		0		0		0	1,352,789
Intergovernmental		0		0		0		0	52,438
Accounts		0		0		0		0	140,772
Prepaid Items		0		0		0		0	18,046
Total Assets		84,461		20,660		71,128		0	5,498,656
Deferred Outflows		0		0		0		0	0
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	84,461	\$	20,660	\$	71,128	\$	0	\$ 5,498,656
Liabilities									
Salaries and Benefits Payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	323	\$	0	\$ 14,966
Deferred Inflows									
Unavailable Property Taxes		0		0		0		0	1,338,289
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable		0		0		0		0	18,046
Restricted		80,250		17,359		48,591		0	3,666,463
Committed		4,211		3,301		22,214		0	434,308
Assigned		0		0		0		0	26,584
Total Fund Balances		84,461		20,660		70,805		0	4,145,401
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,									
and Fund Balances	\$	84,461	\$	20,660	\$	71,128	\$	0	\$ 5,498,656

# **Boise County, Idaho** Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

					Special R	evenue	Fund			
	Ea	ast Boise								
		County	District		Court				Health	
	An	nbulance	Court	F	acilities	Grant F	und	Pre	eventative	Indigent
Revenues										
Property Taxes	\$	150,376	\$ 381,592	\$	0	\$	0	\$	42,833	\$ 279,534
Intergovernmental		10,720	59,185		0	17,	429		0	0
Grants and Donations		161,005	26,684		0		0		0	51,000
Charges for Services		78,550	64,911		0		0		0	1,529
Other		2,922	5,210		0		0		0	97,165
Total Revenues		403,573	537,582		0	17,	429		42,833	429,228
Expenditures										
Current:										
Salaries		122,714	264,176		0		0		0	8,873
Benefits		61,468	122,364		0		0		0	4,566
Operating		86,546	70,885		0		0		15,509	221,663
Debt Service:										
Principal		0	0		0		0		0	0
Interest		0	0		0		0		0	0
Capital Outlay		166,676	920		10,240		0		0	0
Total Expenditures		437,404	458,345		10,240		0		15,509	235,102
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		(33,831)	79,237		(10,240)	17,	429		27,324	194,126
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Sale of Assets		0	0		0		0		0	0
Right-of-Use Asset Financing		0	0		0		0		0	0
Transfer In		0	0		0		0		0	0
Transfers Out		0	0		0		0		(500)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0		0		0		(500)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances		(33,831)	79,237		(10,240)	17,	429		26,824	194,126
Fund Balances - Beginning		449,517	508,244		37,349		0		21,018	536,503
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	415,686	\$ 587,481	\$	27,109	\$17,	429	\$	47,842	\$ 730,629

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (continued)

		S	pecial Revenue	Fund	
					Emergency
	Junior College				Communications
	Tuition	Revaluation	Tort	Weeds	911
Revenues	•	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	•
Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 389,534	\$ 261,122	\$ 92,870	\$ 0
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	1,584	38,523
Grants and Donations	0	0	0	0	21,253
Charges for Services	0	0	0	1,651	104,006
Other	0	12	0	0	0
Total Revenues	0	389,546	261,122	96,105	163,782
Expenditures					
Current:					
Salaries	0	196,568	0	40,772	192
Benefits	0	94,514	0	16,244	0
Operating	15,200	5,316	174,377	31,997	93,268
Debt Service:					
Principal	0	0	0	0	3,224
Interest	0	0	0	0	526
Capital Outlay	0	500	0	0	40,180
Total Expenditures	15,200	296,898	174,377	89,013	137,390
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(15,200)	92,648	86,745	7,092	26,392
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Assets	0	0	0	0	0
Right-of-Use Asset Financing	0	0	0	0	22,560
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	0	(55,818)	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	(55,818)	0	22,560
Net Change in Fund Balances	(15,200)	92,648	30,927	7,092	48,952
Fund Balances - Beginning	236,882	551,168	598,396	314,095	278,339
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 221,682	\$ 643,816	\$ 629,323	\$ 321,187	\$ 327,291

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (continued)

	Sp	ecial Revenue F	und		
	Snowmobile	Snowmobile	Sheriff's		
	IC8-A	GV8-B	Vessel	Bond Fund	Total
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,597,861
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0	127,441
Grants and Donations	76	0	8,809	0	268,827
Charges for Services	62,031	12,750	43,882	0	369,310
Other	10,035	675	0	0	116,019
Total Revenues	72,142	13,425	52,691	0	2,479,458
Expenditures					
Current:					
Salaries	10,224	2,064	42,931	0	688,514
Benefits	669	101	3,451	0	303,377
Operating	19,074	3,716	10,017	0	747,568
Debt Service:					
Principal	0	0	0	0	3,224
Interest	0	0	0	0	526
Capital Outlay	2,900	0	83,720	0	305,136
Total Expenditures	32,867	5,881	140,119	0	2,048,345
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	39,275	7,544	(87,428)	0	431,113
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Assets	900	0	0	0	900
Right-of-Use Asset Financing	0	0	0	0	22,560
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	0	0	(102)	(56,420)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	900	0	0	(102)	(32,960)
Net Change in Fund Balances	40,175	7,544	(87,428)	(102)	398,153
Fund Balances - Beginning	44,286	13,116	158,233	102	3,747,248
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 84,461	\$ 20,660	\$ 70,805	\$0	\$ 4,145,401

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grant Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Schools and Roads - Grants to Counties (Direct) Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster Total	10.666	N/A	\$ 1,283,225 1,283,225
Passed through Idaho Department of Lands: Cooperative Forestry Assistance Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.664	16-DG-11406000-011	81,000 1,364,225
U.S. Department of Interior Payment in Lieu of Taxes (Direct)	15.226	N/A	918,930
U.S. Department of Justice Passed through Idaho Department of Idaho State Police: Violence Against Women Formula Grant (Recovery) Total U.S. Department of Justice	16.588	2019-WF-AX-0095	46,719 46,719
U.S. Department of Transportation Passed through Idaho Department of Transportation: State and Community Highway Safety National Priority Safety Programs <i>Highway Safety Cluster Total</i> Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.600 20.616	Unknown Unknown	2,700 89,990 92,690 92,690
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed through Idaho Department of Commerce: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Funds	21.019	Unknown	676,056
U.S. Election Assistance Commission Passed through the Idaho Secretary of State HAVA Election Security Grants - Noncash	90.404	ID20101001-01	12,630
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Idaho Department of Military Division: Emergency Management Performance Homeland Security Grant Passed through State Department of Parks and Recreation: Boating Safety Financial Assistance Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	97.042 97.067 97.012	EMS2020EP00003 EMW2019SS00047 Unknown	15,237 8,445 <u>8,809</u> 32,491
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 3,143,741

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Boise County, Idaho (the County) under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### 2. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The County has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### 3. SUBRECIPIENTS

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS



James Washburn, CPA Weston Flamm, CPA Cassie Zattiero, CPA

812-B 12<sup>th</sup> Ave. South P.O. Box 876 Nampa, ID 83653-0876 208 466-2493 FAX 208 467-2000 www.BaileyCPAs.com

#### Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Commissioners Boise County, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Boise County, Idaho (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 6, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-002 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001.

#### The County's Response to Findings

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bailey & Co.

Nampa, Idaho November 6, 2023



James Washburn, CPA Weston Flamm, CPA Cassie Zattiero, CPA

812-B 12<sup>th</sup> Ave. South P.O. Box 876 Nampa, ID 83653-0876 208 466-2493 FAX 208 467-2000 www.BaileyCPAs.com

#### Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Commissioners Boise County, Idaho

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Boise County, Idaho's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Boise County, Idaho, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
  performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bailey & Co.

Nampa, Idaho November 6, 2023

**Boise County, Idaho** Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Significant deficiency(ies) disclosed?	V	yes		2022-002
Material weakness(es) disclosed?		yes	V	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Ø	yes		2022-001
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Significant deficiency(ies) disclosed?		yes	Ø	none reported
Material weakness(es) disclosed?		yes	Ø	none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Ø	yes		2022-001
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Numbers				Name of Federal Program
10.666 15.226				Schools and Roads - Grants to Counties Payment in Lieu of Taxes
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:				\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?		yes	Ø	no
Section II - Financial	Stat	emer	t Fi	ndings
2022-001: Procurement Policies				
Repeat Finding?	V	yes		2020-001
<i>Condition:</i> The County's policies do not contain all of the required proc	curem	nent p	olici	es as they relate to federal awards.

#### Cause:

The County was not aware of the change when the regulations were revised and was not able to take action on it when they were made aware of the change.

#### Criteria:

Title 2, Part 200, Subpart D - Post Federal Award Requirements, 200.318(a) The non-federal entity must use its own documented procurement procedures which reflect applicable state, local, and tribal laws and regulations, provided that the procurements conform to applicable federal law and the standards identified in this part and 200.318(c)(1). The non-federal entity must maintain written standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and governing the actions of its employees engaged in the selection, award and administration of contracts. Standards of conduct must provide for disciplinary actions to be applied for violations of such standards by officers, employees, or agents of the non-federal entity. (2) If the non-federal entity has a parent, affiliate, or subsidiary organization that is not a state, local government, or Indian tribe, the non-federal entity must also maintain written standards of conduct covering organizational conflicts of interest.

#### Effect:

Not having such policies and procedures in place, may increase the risk of procuring items that are not allowable, not procuring items through fair competition, and/or overpaying for items.

#### Perspective Information:

The policies that were in place were particular to the Road and Bridge fund and somewhat met the requirements for dollar thresholds and when quotes vs. bids are required. However, the policies should be effective government-wide for all federal awards. There are similar issues with conflict of interest policies not entirely conforming to federal regulations.

#### Recommendations:

We recommend that the County's policies and procedures are updated to comply with the Code of Federal Regulations. It is also recommended that a review of the Code of Federal Regulations occur on a periodic basis, as well as periodic communications with the County's attorney and the Idaho Association of Counties for any changes that may affect the County.

#### View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:

The County agrees with this finding. In January 2023, the County created a separate Procurement Policy that should comply with the Code of Federal Regulations. See Corrective Action Plan.

|--|

Repeat Finding?

□ yes ☑ no

#### Condition:

Several of the fiduciary accounts were not being properly tracked throughout the year.

#### Cause:

The employee responsible for tracking, reconciling, and adjusting these accounts was not following through with her duties.

#### Criteria:

The County collects for and remits to other government agencies, businesses, and individuals, various funds and so has a fiduciary responsibility to properly track those funds.

#### Effect:

The County Clerk ended up having to take over these duties after the employee that was supposed to be performing them was let go. The Clerk was able to reconcile out most of the funds but there were immaterial differences that will still need to be figured out for the next fiscal year.

#### Perspective Information:

Staffing shortage challenges have likely contributed to this issue, in that proper training and oversight may not have been occurring due to the assignment of more duties to fewer people and these duties were to be accomplished in the same timeframes as was previously required. The spreadsheets in use for tracking and reconciling the fiduciary funds also had several formula issues and the design of the spreadsheets makes tracking balances somewhat challenging.

#### Recommendations:

We recommend a redesign of the spreadsheets that are used to track balances. We also recommend that the next employee assigned these duties is capable of performing them either through proper training or verification of their skillset and that there is periodic oversight to verify the duties are being properly performed.

#### View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:

The County agrees with this finding. The spreadsheets are in the process of being redesigned and the County is still in search of a suitable employee for this position. See Corrective Action Plan.

#### Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

2022-001: Procurement Policies See Section II

Questioned Costs: \$0

#### **Boise County, Idaho** Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### 2021-001: Procurement Policies

Condition:

The County's policies did not contain all of the required procurement policies as they relate to federal awards.

#### Recommendation:

The auditor recommended that the County's policies and procedures were updated to comply with the Code of Federal Regulations and a review of the regulations occur on a periodic basis to identify any new requirements in a timely manner.

#### Current Status:

Cleared in fiscal year 2023.



# BOISE COUNTY

Clerk's Office P. O. Box 1300 Idaho City, Idaho 83631 (208) 392-4431 T (208) 392-4473 F

## CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

November 1, 2023

Boise County, Idaho, respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Bailey & Co., Chtd. CPAs 812-B 12<sup>th</sup> Ave. South Nampa, ID 83651

## 

## 2022-001: PROCUREMENT POLICIES

Recommendation: The County should update its policies and procedures to comply with the Code of Federal Regulations. Resources have been separately provided to the Clerk and Deputy Auditor. Review of the Code of Federal Regulations should also occur on a periodic basis, as well as communications with the County's attorney and the Idaho Association of Counties for any changes that may affect the County.

Action to be taken: Effective January 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2023, Boise County Resolution 2023-01, the Boise County Procurement Policy & Procedure Manual, was adopted by the Board of County Commissioners.

## FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

### 2022-002: FIDUCIARY FUND RECONCILIATIONS

Recommendation: The County should redesign its spreadsheets that are used to track balances. The County should also ensure the next employee assigned these duties is capable of performing them either through proper training or verification of their skillset and that there is periodic oversight to verify the duties are being properly performed.

Action to be taken: As of the date of this letter, the Clerk's Office has made a number of changes to the accounting and reconciliation processes surrounding the fiduciary accounts, including:

District Court Trust: Court Clerks and Financial Clerks have received training from representatives of the Idaho Supreme Court (ISC) on successful techniques for reporting and tracking deposits, focusing on noncash, i.e. electronic, payments. On the financial side, we now utilize an Excel monthly balancing workbook, developed by the ISC, to reconcile between the court software (Odyssey) and the financial software (CAI). Additionally, deposits are now reconciled on a weekly basis. Previously, deposit reconciliations between Odyssey and CAI were being done in the month following the transaction month. We have also modified the CAI District Court Trust sub-accounts, to mirror the "bank accounts" utilized in the Odyssey software (Fines & Fees; Bonds; Restitution).

<u>Planning & Zoning Trust:</u> The trust Excel workbook now reflects transactions through September 2023, and the formula errors have been corrected. The Planning & Zoning Department and the Clerk's Office are now working together to ensure that P&Z Department transactions (issuance of building permits, inspections completed, plan reviews completed and subdivision deposits) are being tracked and transferred to the operating fund, as applicable, on a monthly basis, and transactions are now entered into the trust workbook as part of the end of month reconciliation procedures. Further investigation of aged outstanding balances within the workbook, will be performed by an employee of the P&Z Department, who has previous county auditor experience, in calendar 2023.

Idaho Department of Parks and Recreation Transactions: Prior to September 2023, these transactions were being deposited directly into a remittance account, set up by a former employee of the Clerk. A trust account has now been established for these transactions and transmittal sheets now reflect the trust account for these transactions.

<u>P&Z Trust/Assessor Trust/Indigent Trust:</u> The Clerk's Office has implemented a timely transfer of funds from these trust accounts, into the operating funds, as applicable. This is now being performed as part of the end of month process.

<u>Unclaimed Property (General Trust)</u>: An extension has been requested and granted, from the Idaho State Treasurer's Office, for unclaimed property reporting and remittance. The extension date is January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2024, and we anticipate that the filing will occur on or before the third week of December. We have brought a former employee in to reconcile and complete the reporting for this trust account.

If there are any questions by oversight agencies regarding this plan, please call Mary Prisco at (208) 392-4431.

Sincerely. Prisco

Mary T. Prisco Boise County Clerk

Mary T. Prisco Boise County Clerk